

REQUEST FOR QUALIFICATIONS:

**RFQ NO. 2014-15-32
CITY ATTORNEY/LEGAL SERVICES**

Deadline: **Tuesday, September 22, 2015 @ 3:00 PM CST**

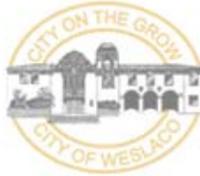
Qualification statements

C/O Homer Rhodes
Weslaco City Hall Purchasing Office
255 S. Kansas Avenue
Weslaco, Texas 78596

Prepared by:
City Manager's Office
August 2015

City of Weslaco

"The City on the Grow"



David Suarez, Mayor
John F. Cuellar, Mayor Pro-Tem, District 2
David R. Fox, Commissioner, District 1
Olga M. Noriega, Commissioner, District 3
Gerardo "Jerry" Tafolla, Commissioner, District 4
Lupe V. Rivera, Commissioner, District 5
Fidel Peña, Commissioner, District 6

Leonardo Olivares, City Manager

Request for Sealed Qualifications

The City of Weslaco hereby requests qualification statements for the following:

Attorneys or Law Firms

Qualifications statements addressed to Homer Rhodes, will be accepted at the Weslaco City Hall Purchasing Office, 255 S. Kansas Avenue, Weslaco, Texas 78596, until **3:00 p.m.** on **September 22, 2015.** No late statements will be accepted.

Potential Respondents are advised that the proposal documents can be downloaded from the City of Weslaco web page address: www.weslacotx.gov, and may also be secured at the Weslaco City Hall Purchasing Office, 255 S. Kansas Avenue, Weslaco, Texas 78596, or by calling 956.447-2240. Be advised that if your company is contemplating on submitting a statement of qualification for this project you must contact the Purchasing Office, so that any changes/additions via addendum form can be forwarded to your company. (Please include your company name, address, e-mail, telephone and fax, and contact person). **No electronic statement of qualifications will be accepted.**

PLEASE NOTE: The selection of an attorney or firm to provide the described scope of services will not be made on cost alone, but may be made based on the consideration of qualifications-related factors contained in this Request for Qualifications. If selected as a finalist, you will be asked to make a presentation to the City Council. There is no expressed or implied obligation on the part of the City of Weslaco to reimburse responding firms for any expenses incurred in preparing or presenting a Request for Qualifications in response to this request.

City of Weslaco

Homer Rhodes,
Purchasing Office
hrhodes@weslacotx.gov

GENERAL SCOPE OF SERVICES

The City of Weslaco is a Home Rule municipal corporation, with a population of approximately 36,000. It provides a wide variety of public services to citizens and visitors in the Weslaco area. These include police, fire, public facilities, airport, community development, building inspections and code enforcement, parks and recreation, library, and other services.

An important part of this service delivery relies on quality legal services. This scope of services will include the appointment of one individual or law firm to serve in the position of City Attorney, who will be appointed by and serve at the will and pleasure of the Weslaco City Commission.

The legal services under consideration in this Request for Qualifications (RFQ) involve, but are not limited to:

1. Have a minimum of one (1) year representing a City.
2. Providing a variety of proactive, high-quality and timely legal services, opinions and representation to the City Commission, City Manager and City staff.
3. Attending regular meetings of the City Council (generally two per month – 1st and 3rd Tuesdays) and occasional special-called meetings (as needed and if asked to attend).
4. Attend City Commission workshop(s) as requested.
5. Knowledge of Texas Public Information Act (TPIA), Texas Open Meeting Act (TOMA) and knowledge of Disclosure of Conflict of Interest.
6. Being familiar with City Code of Ordinances, applicable State and Federal laws, Local Government Code, Civil Service, Collective Bargaining and other applicable statutes and policies (e.g., Personnel Policies and Procedures Manual, code enforcement process).
7. Providing advice to the City on a variety of legal matters.
8. Representing the City as City Attorney in legal matters.
9. Serve as the Supervisor for the Prosecuting Attorney relating to violations of municipal ordinances.
10. Reviewing and/or drafting ordinances, resolutions, and other documents as requested by the City Council or City Manager.
11. Assist in negotiating and administering contracts, as well as assisting with

- contract disputes (e.g., mediations, arbitrations).
12. Reviewing and making recommendations on a variety of projects and proposals which have legal ramifications.
 13. Maintaining an appropriate relationship with professional organizations in the field of municipal legal services.
 14. Staying abreast and informing the City of new or proposed State and Federal legislation affecting the City.
 15. Researching alternative approaches to resolving legal problems (i.e., Alternative Dispute Resolution).
 16. Providing proactive legal counsel on issues pertaining to personnel policies and procedures and providing counsel in all compliance employment matters such as, but not limited to State and Federal employment law, Workers Compensation, EEOC, FLSA, FMLA, ADEA, OSHA, and other requirements.
 17. Assist Prosecuting Offenders in the municipal court in the absent of the City Prosecutor, including preparation of all charges and complaints against, and appearing in the appropriate court in the prosecution of, every person charged with the violation of a municipal ordinance.
 18. Assisting the City Secretary in staying current on State and Federal Election Laws and administration of elections for the City.
 19. Knowledge of land use laws and abilities of City to implement and administer such laws in conformance with State requirements and the City Commission's desire to improve such land use planning.
 20. Knowledge of laws and experience with managing extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ) and annexations.
 21. Attending zoning hearings and appeals as needed.
 22. Attending board of adjustment hearings and appeals as needed.
 23. Knowledge of laws and methods to facilitate effective code enforcement.
 24. Knowledge of laws and experience in Development Corporation Act and applying Chapter 380 provisions to economic development projects.
 25. Knowledge of laws and experience in working with Hotel Occupancy Taxes.

26. Knowledge of laws and experience in working with utility districts, water supply corporations, and emergency services districts.
27. Proof of maintaining their continuing education.
28. Firm/individual will have to maintain their CLE at their expense.
29. Must maintain and provide proof of malpractice insurance.

Please list any clients, current or former, that you represent(ed) that could cause a conflict of interest with your responsibilities with the City of Weslaco, its officers or employees. Describe how you would be willing to resolve these or any future conflicts of interest.

INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS (Please reproduce these questions when supplying your answers.)

The Statement of Qualifications must address the following criteria:

1. Name of firm, owner, address and telephone number.
2. Personnel Qualifications. Identify the key attorney(s) who will serve in the position of City Attorney; provide his/her resume and summarize his/her experience. Provide the same for other attorneys (if any) in the firm who may assist with the provision of services.
3. Specialized Legal Services Competence. Provide information about the attorney and firm's experience in providing legal services to municipal organizations. Provide at least three references from these organizations including names, contact persons and phone numbers.
4. Capacity and Capability. Provide information about the attorney and firm's capacity and capability to perform on short notice and in a timely manner. If the appointed City Attorney is not available are there other means of responding to requests?
5. Approach To Communicating With The City. Describe the attorney and firm's approach to communicating with the City in regard to progress reports, status reports, recommendations, status of opinions, etc.
6. Understanding of Services to Be Provided. Describe the attorney's/firm's understanding of the scope of work.
7. Work Schedule and Approach to Project Management. Provide a plan for service delivery, and an explanation of how tasks and projects are managed within the firm to insure timely response and completion.
8. Conflict of Interest. List any clients you currently represent that could cause a conflict of interest with your responsibilities as City Attorney for Giddings and describe how you would be willing to resolve these or any future conflicts of interest.
9. Fees. Please provide rates for providing the services described above. Note that the City of Weslaco is requesting fees to be submitted with two options:

Option A: Monthly retainer plus hourly fees (indicate specific items to be covered by the retainer)

Option B: Hourly fees for all work without a retainer.

Option C: Flat fee

For hourly fees, please identify hourly rate of each attorney and support personnel, and indicate minimum increment of time billed for services. Also state rates for other cost items proposed to be itemized and billed.

10. Statement: The attorney or firm, by submitting a proposal, certifies that to the best of its knowledge or belief, no elected or appointed official of the City is financially interested, directly or indirectly, in their firm or in the purchase of services as described in this RFQ. They also certify that the information contained in the Statement of Qualifications is correct and complete to the best of their knowledge.

Evaluation of Requests for Qualifications and Proposals: The City reserves the right to accept or reject any and all submissions in the best interest of the City. In connection with the evaluation, the City may invite one or more applicants to make an oral presentation to the City Council at a time and location to be announced and may require the submission of supplemental material intended to substantiate or clarify information previously submitted.

The following information will be taken into consideration during the evaluation process:

1. Meets qualifications identified in the Request for Qualifications and Proposals.
2. Included complete and clear responses to items.
3. Familiarity with laws and regulations governing Texas local government and operating procedures relative to conduct of City business.
4. Demonstrated expertise in land use and zoning law as it relates to municipalities.
5. Available support staff and range of services offered.
6. Demonstration of workload capacity and a level of experience commensurate with the level of service required by the City.
7. The professional reputation for providing high-quality services, ability to work cooperatively with City Council, City Manager, City staff and demonstrates sound judgement, integrity, and reliability as determined by the references provided.
8. List of city references by City name and contact person.
9. Cost of providing basic and hourly services as per the submitted hourly rate.
10. Results of interview.

Selection Process: The proposals will be opened at 3:00 p.m., September 22, 2015. The proposals will be opened but not read aloud, to avoid disclosure of contents to competing vendors, and the contents shall be kept confidential during the proposal negotiations. The City Council and City Manager will review the submitted proposals. After review, they will select finalists for interviewing and choose a finalist. After completing negotiations and contract process, City Council will appoint a City Attorney and award a contract. The City Attorney serves at the pleasure of the City Council and may be removed at any time by a majority vote of the Council.

The individual or law firm that represents the city are not employees of the City; do not receive any City benefits, nor maintain an office provided by the City. The attorneys are independent contractors responsible for their own benefits, office expenses, malpractice insurance and staff.

Time Line:

- | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| • First publication. | September 5, 2015 |
| • The specifications will be available on or about for interested parties at the Purchasing Department or http://weslacotx.gov/ | September 5, 2015 |
| • Second publication | September 12, 2015 |
| • Sealed proposals are due at 3:00 p.m. at the Purchasing | September 22, 2015 |
| • Review Proposals and Select Finalists | TBA |
| • Finalists Interviews with City Council | October 6, 2015 |
| • Complete Negotiations and Contract Process | October 8, 2015 |
| • Present Contract to Council for Final Approval | October 14, 2015 |

FORMS

NOTICE OF INTENT TO SUBMIT A STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATION

If you intend to submit a statement of qualification for **CITY ATTORNEY/LEGAL SERVICES RFQ No.: 2014-15-32** with the City of Weslaco as outlined in the specifications, please indicate your intention by signing, dating, and returning this form to the address below prior to **October 16, 2015**, so that you may receive any addendums to the specifications should the need arise.

**Homer Rhodes
Buyer II
City of Weslaco
Purchasing Department
255 S. Kansas
Weslaco, Texas 78596
Phone :(956) 447-2240
Fax: (956) 969-8452
hrhodes@weslacotx.gov**

Name: _____ Signature: _____
(print)

Title: _____ Company/Agency: _____

Mailing
Address: _____ City/State/Zip: _____

Phone: _____ Fax: _____

Email: _____

RFP No.: 2014-15-32

City of Weslaco

CITY ATTORNEY/LEGAL SERVICES
RFQ No. 2014-15-32

RFQ Opening: September 22, 2015 @ 3:00 p.m.

Any and all questions concerning this proposal should be addressed on this form.

Proposal Name: _____

Proposal Number: _____

Page#: _____ Section: _____ Paragraph: _____

Question: _____

Company: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

Fax: _____

RFP NO. 2014-15-32
CITY ATTORNEY/LEGAL SERVICES

ANTI-COLLUSION CERTIFICATION

By submission of this proposal, the Proposer certifies that:

1. This request for qualifications has been independently arrived at without collusion with any other Proposer or with any competitor;
2. This request for qualifications has not been knowingly disclosed and will not be knowingly disclosed, prior to the opening of proposals for this project, to any other proposer competitor or potential competitor;
3. No attempt has been or will be made to induce any other person, partnership or corporation to submit or not to submit a proposal;
4. The person signing this request for qualifications certifies that he has fully informed himself regarding the accuracy of the statements contained in this certification, and under the penalties being applicable to the proposer as well as to the person signing in its behalf.

Date Submitted: _____

Company Name: _____

Authorized Signature: _____

Type Signatory's Name: _____

Signatory's Title: _____

Company Address: _____

City/State/Zip Code: _____

Agent Name: _____

Agent Address: _____

Phone Number: _____

Fax Number: _____

CONFLICT OF INTEREST QUESTIONNAIRE

FORM
CIQ

For vendor or other person doing business with local governmental entity

This questionnaire reflects changes made to the law by H.B. 1491, 80th Leg., Regular Session.

This questionnaire is being filed in accordance with Chapter 176 Local Government Code by a person who has a business relationship as defined by section 176.001 (1-a) with a local governmental entity and the person meets requirements under Section 176.006(a).

By law this questionnaire must be filed with the records administrator of the local governmental entity not later than the 7th business day after the date the person becomes aware of facts that require the statement to be filed. See Section 176.006, Local Government Code.

A person commits an offense if the person knowingly violates Section 176.006, local Government Code. An offensive under this section is a Class C misdemeanor.

OFFICE USE ONLY

Date Received

1 Name of person who has a business relationship with local governmental entity.

2 Check this box if you are filling an update to a previously filed questionnaire.

(The law requires that you file an updated completed questionnaire with the appropriate filing authority not later than the 7th business day after the date the originally filed questionnaire becomes incomplete or inaccurate.)

3 Name of local government officer with whom filer has employment or business relationship.

Name of Officer

This section, (item 3 including subparts A, B, C & D) must be completed for each officer with whom the filer has an employment or other business relationship as defined by Section 176.001 (1-a), Local Government Code. Attach additional pages to this form CIQ as necessary.

A. Is the local government officer named in this section receiving or likely to receive taxable income, other than investment income, from the filer of the questionnaire?

Yes No

B. Is the filer of the questionnaire receiving or likely to receive taxable income, other than investment income, from or at the direction of the local government officer named in this section AND the taxable income is not received from the local governmental entity?

Yes No

C. Is the filer of this questionnaire employed by a corporation or other business entity with respect to which the local government officer serves as an officer or director, or holds an ownership of 10 percent or more?

Yes No

D. Describe each employment or business relationship with the local government officer named in this section.

4

Signature of person doing business with the governmental entity

Date

CONFLICT OF INTEREST QUESTIONNAIRE

For vendor or other person doing business with local governmental entity

FORM
CIQ

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OFFICE USE ONLY

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A person commits an offense if the person knowingly violates Section 176.006, local Government Code. An offense under this section is a Class C misdemeanor.

1 Name of person who has a business relationship with local governmental entity.
NONE

2 Check this box if you are filling an update to a previously filed questionnaire.

(The law requires that you file an updated completed questionnaire with the appropriate filing authority not later than the 7th business day after the date the originally filed questionnaire becomes incomplete or inaccurate.)

3 Name of local government officer with whom filer has employment or business relationship.

NONE

Name of Officer

This section, (item 3 including subparts A, B, C & D) must be completed for each officer with whom the filer has an employment or other business relationship as defined by Section 176.001 (1-a), Local Government Code. Attach additional pages to this form CIQ as necessary.

A. Is the local government officer named in this section receiving or likely to receive taxable income, other than investment income, from the filer of the questionnaire?

Yes NA No

B. Is the filer of the questionnaire receiving or likely to receive taxable income, other than investment income, from or at the direction of the local government officer named in this section AND the taxable income is not received from the local governmental entity?

Yes NA No

C. Is the filer of this questionnaire employed by a corporation or other business entity with respect to which the local government officer serves as an officer or director, or holds an ownership of 10 percent or more?

Yes NA No

D. Describe each employment or business relationship with the local government officer named in this section.

4 **COMPANY NAME, SIGNATURE OF BIDDER OR PROPOSER**

DATE

Signature of person doing business with the governmental entity

Date

*THIS SAMPLE FORM IS ONLY TO BE USED IF THERE IS NO BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP WITH A CITY OR WITH A CITY OFFICIAL.

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

**Give Form to the
 requester. Do not
 send to the IRS.**

Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.	Name (as shown on your income tax return)	
	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above	
	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/sole proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> C Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> S Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Trust/estate <input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶ _____	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Exempt payee	
	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requestor's name and address (optional)
City, state, and ZIP code		
List account number(s) here (optional)		

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on the "Name" line to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I Instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number								
				-				
Employer identification number								

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶ _____	Date ▶ _____

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,
- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS a percentage of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II Instructions on page 3 for details),
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Partnership, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Disregarded entity. Enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. The name of the entity entered on the "Name" line should never be a disregarded entity. The name on the "Name" line must be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income will be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a domestic owner, the domestic owner's name is required to be provided on the "Name" line. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, you must complete an appropriate Form W-8.

Note. Check the appropriate box for the federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on the "Name" line (Individual/sole proprietor, Partnership, C Corporation, S Corporation, Trust/estate).

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the person identified on the "Name" line is an LLC, check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification in the space provided. If you are an LLC that is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes, enter "P" for partnership. If you are an LLC that has filed a Form 8832 or a Form 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If you are an LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulation section 301.7701-3 (except for employment and excise tax), do not check the LLC box unless the owner of the LLC (required to be identified on the "Name" line) is another LLC that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. If the LLC is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the appropriate tax classification of the owner identified on the "Name" line.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Exempt Payee

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the "Business name/disregarded entity name," sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),

2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities,

3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,

4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or

5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

6. A corporation,

7. A foreign central bank of issue,

8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States,

9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,

10. A real estate investment trust,

11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,

12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),

13. A financial institution,

14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or

15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 9
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 5 and 7 through 13. Also, C corporations.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7 ²

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4 indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on the "Name" line must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt Payee* on page 3.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 3, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee ³ The actual owner ⁴
5. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ⁴
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor ⁴
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
9. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
10. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

*Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN.
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

**REQUEST
FOR
QUALIFICATIONS**

CITY ATTORNEY/LEGAL SERVICES

Proposal No. 2014-15-32

**City of Weslaco
255 S. Kansas
Weslaco, Texas 78596**

Proposal Submission Date: September 22, 2015 at 3:00 p.m. CST